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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/579,097	05/18/2007	Cliff Aaby	9501US2 (268318US28PCT)	6740
88095 ARRIS	7590 08/09/20	010	EXAMINER	
3871 Lakefie			CHOKSHI, PINKAL R	
Suwance, GA 30024			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2425	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/00/2010	EI ECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail $\,$ address(es):

mirho@fspllc.com

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/579,097	AABY ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Pinkal R. Chokshi	2425		

	Pinkal R. Chokshi	2425						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	ress					
THE REPLY FILED 20 July 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPL	ICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.						
. ☑ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 3 T CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:								
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Is Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period avoid under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office there may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as					
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(a)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).								
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>								
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for 								
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c								
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).								
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		mpliant Amendment (I	OL-324).					
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 								
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s); a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:		be entered and an e	planation of					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:								
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).								
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).								
 10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. ☒ The request for reconsideration has been considered but 		•						
See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s) 13. Other:								
/Brian T Pendleton/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2425	/Pinkal R. Chokshi/ Examiner, Art Unit 2425							

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant asserts that combination of Jerding and Hamilton does not describe composing service group identifier at a service node into an AV stream format, and communicating the service group identifier to a STB. Examiner respectfully disagrees. The well-known concept of "Service Group identifier" in broadcast network is to predict which content/channel is common for all STBs verses only to a particular group of STBs. Jerding further discloses that DNCS uses the service group number. Jerding further discloses that DNCS uses the service group invalue of the data and information into the stream and transmits it to DHCT. As Hamilton discloses (0023) that the customers receive the spectrum of multiple channels, where some channels are common and others are unique to a particular node as represented in Fig. 1. Hamilton further discloses that the hub creates the unique spectrum by inserting channels that are unique to a node; this assembled spectrum containing a plurality of broadcast channels that is transmitted to all customers and plurality of unique channels that is transmitted to customers at a specific node. Hamilton also discloses (0066) that each node has the unique identifier that is associated with the hub as represented in Fig. 3 (element 306). Therefore, the combination of references Jerding and Hamilton renders obviousness and the rejection is maintained.

In response to applicant's argument that there is no teaching, suggestion, or motivation to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness may be established by combining or modifying he teachings of the prior at to proceed the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F. 2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988), In re Jones, 958 F. 2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1982), and KSR International Co. v. Teleflex, Inc., 550 U.S. 398, 82 USPQ2d 1952 (2007). In this case, Applicant asserts that there is no motivation to combine the references. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Hamilton discloses the motivation to insert the service group identifier into the stream to allow provisioning of pay per view programming and content-notand (f)0004).

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 299 (CDPA 1971).